# NAPIS is Evolving

2006 - 2008

The NEW
National Early Warning
Pest Information
Management System

### **CAPS Mission**

- ◆ Is Defined By:
- → PPQ Strategic Plan 2005-2009
  - PDMP
  - PHP
  - CPHST
  - –E & W PPQ Regions
- NPB Safeguarding Review 2000
  - -50 State Departments of Agriculture

### CAPS

The Circulatory System of the PPQ Program

◆ NAPIS INFORMATION the Life Blood of PPQ!

### The primary role of NAPIS is to:

- Receive & make available information necessary to assist Cooperators and PPQ to;
- Detect & identify the dangers;
- Access risks associated with the dangers and;
- Manage the risks necessary to safeguard
   American agriculture and facilitate trade

IS NAPIS Capable & Ready?
TO SUPPORT:

PEST FREE F



Inborn pathogens

Diagnostic Tools/Methods PEST FREE PLACES & FREE PROD. SITES (ISPM 10)



Monitor /Site Confirmation

**Production Areas** 

Pest Risk Mitigation

Import market Pathways

Proactive Hot Zone - Detection

MAERSK

Invasive Pests

**Predictive Models** 

Analysis -

Metrological introduced

Invasive Pests
Introduced

Early Detection / Decision Mgt

# Who's asking the QUESTIONS?



To Get the Answers

# Two Evaluations of NAPIS

- An Internal Review of CAPS/NAPIS
   By CAPS Cooperators
  - 1. 14 Representatives from Federal, States, Institutions
  - 2. Identified 6 major NAPIS improvements needed
- Outside study & Recommendations
   By SI International; a Recognized Contractor
  - 1. interviewing 10 major users Groups
  - 2. Identified 36 major NAPIS improvements needed

STATES	PPQ ER	HQ ISPM	HQ OPIM	HQ PISI
CPHST	PPQ WR	HQ PPP	HQ PIM	HQ EP

## NAPIS - Findings

### A. The Internal Review

### 1. System Capability and Flexibility

Must meet user needs!
 Flexible Queries: from perspective of what users need

**Access:** Combine information from other DB Sources

### 2. Operational Plan

Develop based around needs of users
 Business Models: Management, Decision, Planning, Analysis

### 3. Data Quality, Quantity

is accurate and timelyDefined by ability to:

Instill Confidence, meet Business Model Requirements

## NAPIS - Findings

### A. The Internal Review (Continued)

### 4. Data Security

- DB design adequate to meet USDA requirements

Based on Need to Know: Available to Authorized Users

### 5. Data Base Management Team

Provide oversight / approve changes
 Organized Conduit to: Set standards, Insure user Needs are met

### 6. Human Resources

- Communications, Training and Marketing Pathway to Insure: Transparency, Awareness, Education,

Operational Efficiency

## NAPIS - Findings

# B. The Out side study

Recommendations Falls in to Two Time Frames

- ◆ Short-Term Solution 6 months,
  - 1. NAPIS Change Management
  - 2. online documentation
  - 3. NAPIS Data Quality Assurance
  - 4. Data Collection Tools
- Long-Term Solution 18 months
  - 1. Data Base Upgrade
  - 2. Multi-Tier Architecture Upgrade

### **Short-Term Solution**

#### 6 months

#### 1. NAPIS Change Management

- Institute a formal process to manage and control modifications to the software
- <u>Create a NAPIS Change Control Board (CCB)</u> to review and approve change requests
- <u>Goal: (oversight)</u> ensure CAPS stakeholder needs are addressed and software changes are fully tested and documented

#### 2. On-Line Documentation

- On-line documentation to help users understand NAPIS
- To guide users through the execution of queries- turning data information

#### 3. NAPIS Data Quality Assurance

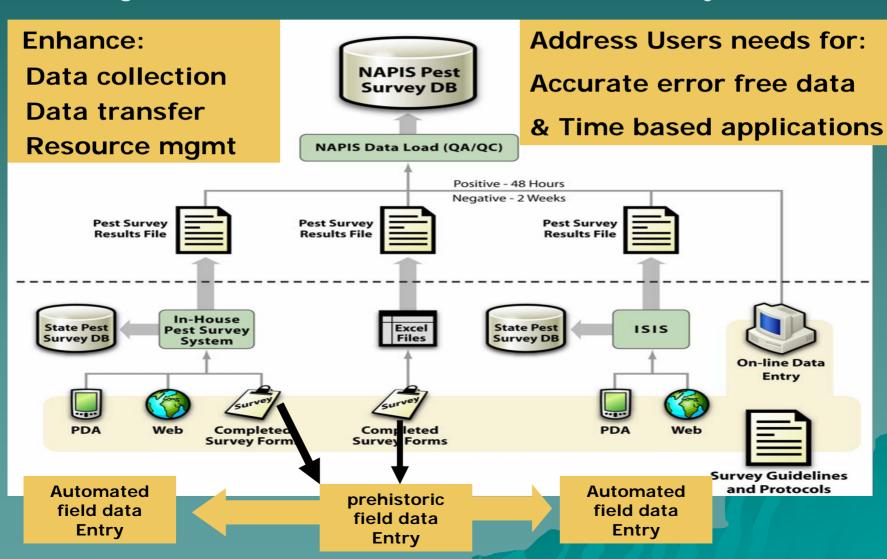
 Performance based performance Objectives built around Workplans & Agreements – Address OMB, PPQ Requirements

#### 4. Data Collection Tools

- Automated data entry tools
- Data collection Software Dev. protocols for 3<sup>rd</sup> party vendors
- Automated Excel Data templates provision for paper pushers

### NAPIS DATA Interface

Shifting from manual to automated field data entry tools will:



# Long-Term Solution

18 months

### ♦ NAPIS Database Upgrade

#### Current

- Database: Inverted Flat Field
- Limited access to data
   Scrip driven information retrieval
   Canned Routines
- Not NIST Security C F.I.
   Certified

#### Proposed

- Database: Relational DB
- Full Query Search Capability information as you like it.
- Certified NIST Security C F.I-Yes\* it would be!

\* NIST Security Controls for Federal Information Systems

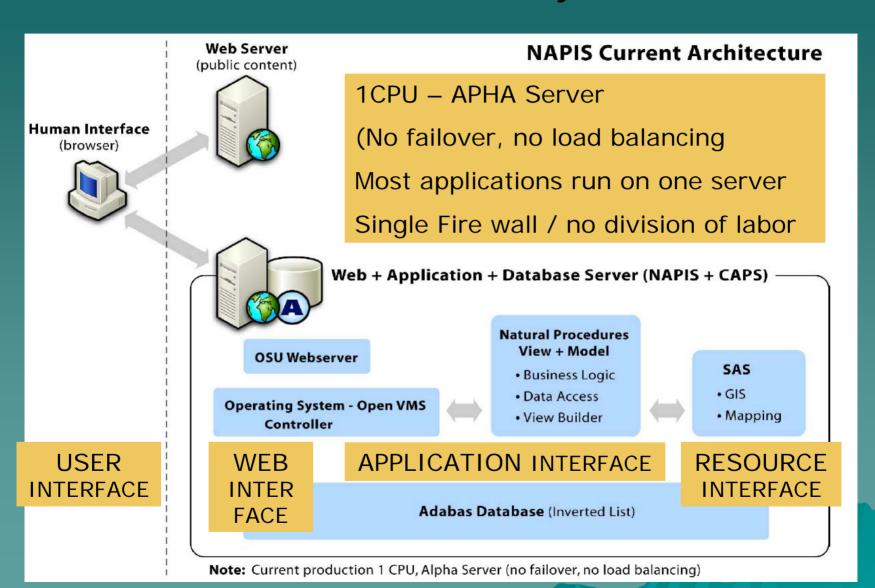
# Long-Term Solution

## Multi-Tier Architecture Upgrade:

- <u>Current (Yesterdays)</u>
- Single point Hardware
- SAS-GIS limited Map data interface
- Limited access to remote database applications
- NAPPFAST

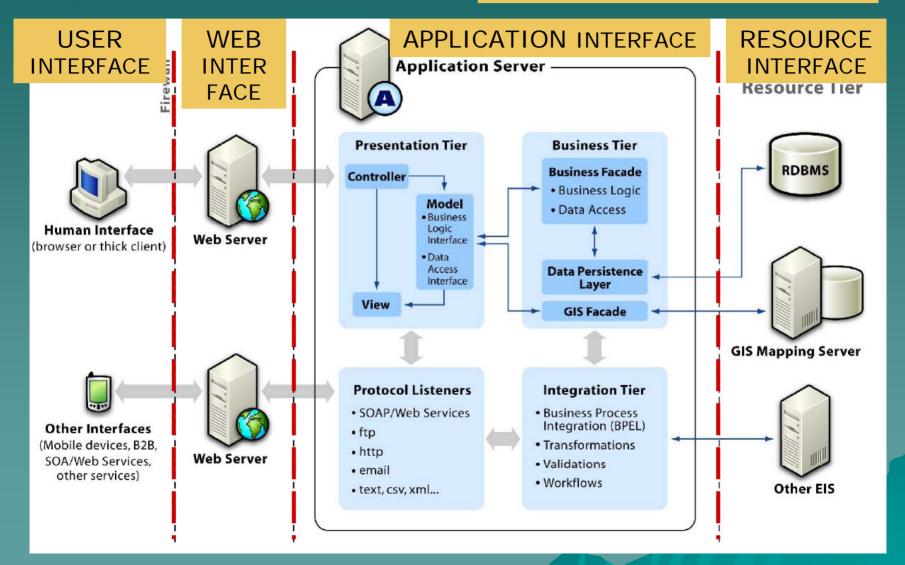
- Proposed (Tomorrows)
- Milti-Tier Architecture Hardware
- ArcGIS Service Interface (ISDA STANDARD)
   Designed to meet users applic.
- Able to integrate remote database data sets
  - Potential links!
- → PIN 309
- NASS
- NOAA
- Pest ID
- NAPPFAST
- GPDD
- Plus....

## Yesterday



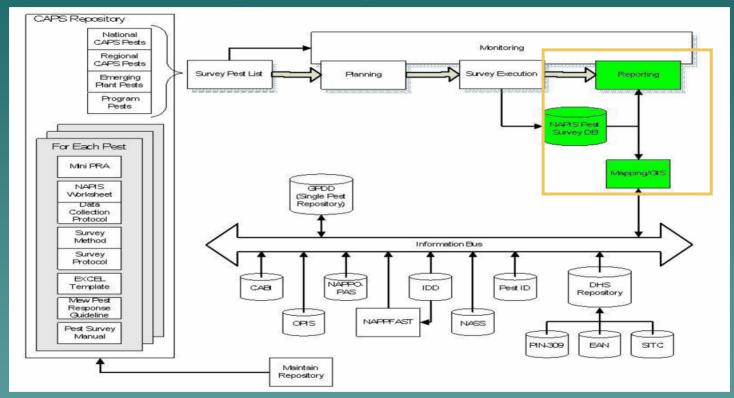
# And Tomorrows System

Component Based Architecture
Integrated business Domain applic.
Integrated Firewall security



# GIS Mapping Module

Every organization visited indicated a need for a more robust GIS and mapping capability to support planning and management reports — Business Applications



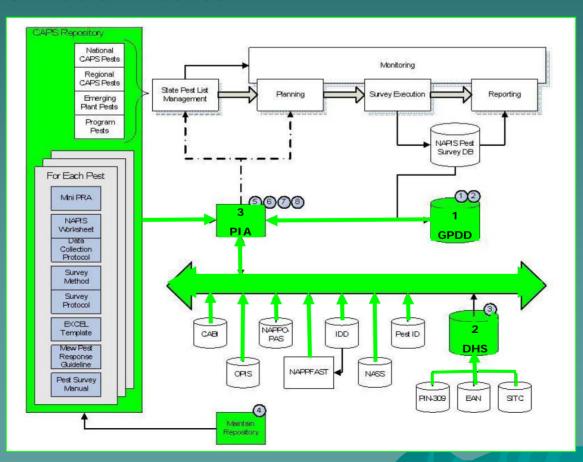
#### **ArcGIS** usda standard

It can integrate data from multiple data sources to generate composite views.

It allows user apply full range of information bus options to meet business applications

# Resource Module to address Information Constraints

- 1 Single Pest Repository
- 2 DHS System Access
- **3 Pest Information Access**



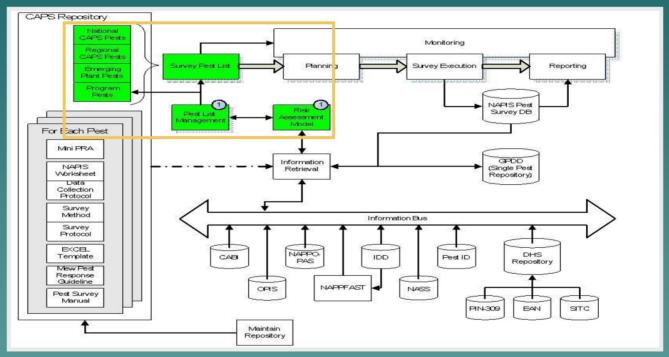
### Non-NAPIS IT Constraints

- 1. As Single point Pest Repository
- the Global Pest and Disease Database (GPDD) can be the authoritative source for pest information
- that contains taxonomy, digital images, and relevant pest data.
- 2. DHS System Access
- Initiate activities to create a repository for <u>PIN-309</u> and <u>Emergency Action Notification (EAN)</u> data
- Access to this data is needed to support pest selection and survey planning.
- 3. Pest Information Access
- This module gives NAPIS users a simple and seamless method to access the entire universe of pest information across all sources (CPHST portal);
- Gives entire CAPS community the same view of a pest and is working from a common information baseline.

### **Work Plan Management Module**

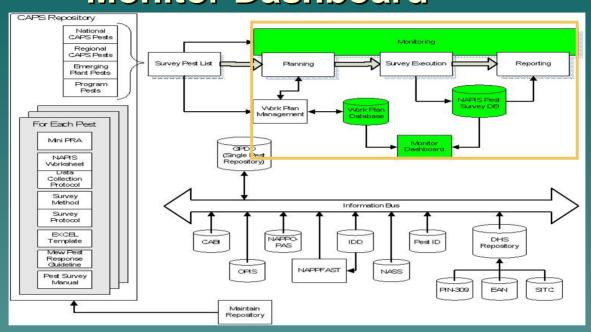
uses Risk Assessment Framework & Pest List Management to Prepare workplans

• Web based software to generation standardized work plans.



- Integrate a risk assessment model (into the mgmt system) to evaluate candidate pests (score) for use by the National, States and Regions.
- This Application will support electronic submittal of work plans for Regional review and approval.
- Module Maintains Required work plans and the planned survey activity for use in monitoring survey progress.

# Data Quality Assurance Module Monitor Dashboard



#### **VALIDATE**

- 1. Create a full set of validation rules for every pest survey:
- 2. Based on: NAPIS worksheet, data entry guidelines, Work plans)

#### **MONITOR**

- 1. Compares: "actual survey records" against work plan goals provided
- 2. Track survey progress for a each specific program

#### **ALERT**

Generate alert: if difference falls below a user set threshold. – improve data quality

### What's in the works

### Projected plans include:

- Initiate: Business application analysis.
- Formation: Change Control Board
- Let: Contract to begin work

# REMEMBER THIS IS JUST THE BEGINING

# Lets Look to the Near Future Together